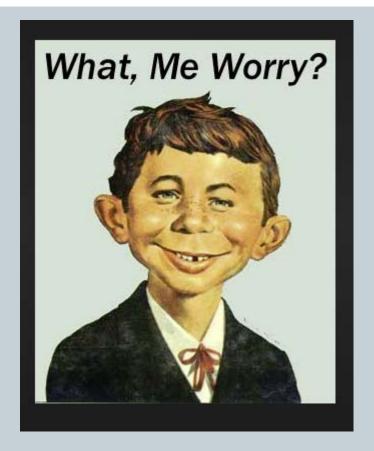
# The Essential Health Benefits and Access to Affordable Coverage: Focus on Behavioral Health Care

RICHARD G FRANK
HARVARD UNIVERSITY

# **EHB Flexibility**

- Continuum of Coverage
- Adverse Selection equilibrium
- Low income populations



### **History Lesson**

#### 2011 Department of Health and Human Services Survey of Individual Market Issuers

- About 65% did not offer maternity coverage in standard policies
- 34% did not offer coverage for treatment of Substance Use Disorders (SUDs)
- 18% did not offer coverage for care of mental illnesses
- When covered M/SUD coverage subject to limits: detox, 30 IP days; 20 OP visits; 50% OP coinsurance



## M/SUD Gains



- Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act, Pub. L. 110-343
- Essential Health Benefits include mental health and substance abuse
- Parity applies to qualified health plans "in the same manner and to the same extent as such section applies to health insurance issuers and group health plans" (sec. 1311(j))

# Populations with Coverage Affected by MHPAEA and ACA

Group	Policy	Number
Large Insurance Populations	MHPAEA alone	103 million
Small Group Insurance Market	EHB + subsidies + MHPAEA	30 million
Individual Insurance Market	EHB + subsidies + MHPAEA	18 million
Medicaid	MHPAEA + EHB + expansion	23 million
Total		174 million

Source: Frank 2016

# Surcharge Estimates

- Mental Illnesses (depression)
  - Frank estimate: \$9,365
  - CAP estimate \$8,370
- Drug Dependence
  - Frank estimate\$9,356
  - CAP estimate \$20,140
- Maternity
  - o 2011 rider \$5,000
  - CAP surcharge estimate \$17,060